Case # 1 Emma Hamilton, MD Colorectal Fellow

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COLORECTAL AND

UROGENITAL CARE

• 3 yo male patient born with a sacrococcygeal teratoma s/p combined laparoscopic/posterior resection at birth with loop colostomy presents with complaint of abdominal and pelvic pain



PMHx

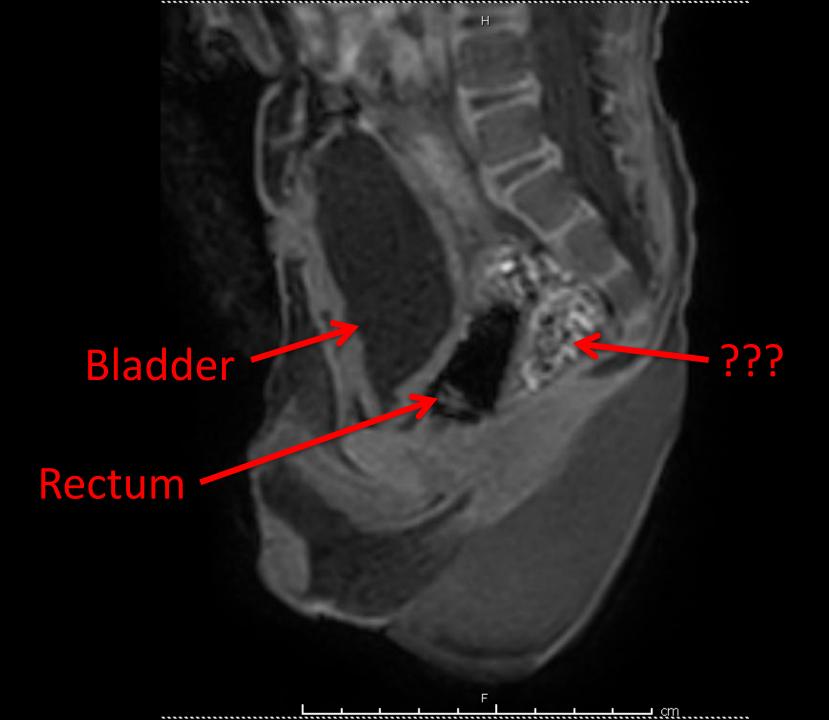
- Bilateral hydronephrosis
- Strictured vesicostomy
- Recurrent episodes of pyelonephritis
- -Stroke
- —Congenital R hip dislocation with avascular necrosis



What would you do next?

- 1. Obtain tumor markers
- 2. X-ray the abdomen
- 3. Do MRI of pelvis
- 4. Exam under anesthesia
- 5. All of the above







Based on the MRI, what would you do?

- 1. Obtain tumor markers
- 2. Exam under anesthesia
- 3. Resection with a posterior sagittal approach
- 4. I don't know

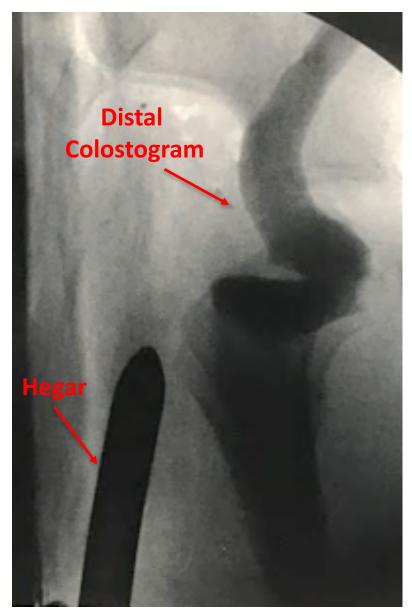


• αfp, βHcg, LDH all normal

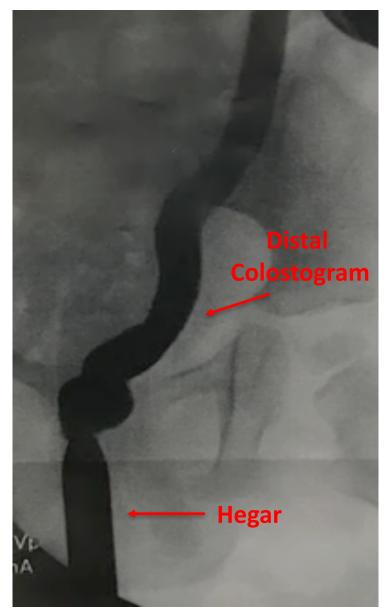


Taken to the OR for exam under anesthesia

Lateral View



AP View





Exam Under Anesthesia

- Patent, wide distal piece of rectum of approximately 6 cm
- Intact proximal colon
- Distal colostomy site appeared to not be in continuity to rectum



Posterior Sagittal Exploration

- Patient opened posterior sagittal.
- Anal canal left intact.
- "Mass" seen on MRI was bowel in the peritoneal cavity.
- Distal bowel was patent.



