IMPERFORATED ANUS WITH RECTO-URETHRAL FISTULA

UNUSUAL FETAL PRESENTATION PRENATAL MEGARECTUM

UNUSUAL SITUATIONS DURING SURGICAL TREATMENT DIFFICULT DECISION

> Fernando Heinen MD Buenos Aires - Argentina

IN A LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRY (July 2019) :



ABDOMINAL CYSTIC MASS IN A TERM MALE FETUS . THIS LIQUID MASS HAD BEEN PRESENT SINCE THE 16THWEEK OF GESTATION AND WAS CONSTANTLY GROWING.

THE HUGE VOLUMEN SUGGESTED TO THE OBSERVERS: A FETAL PERITONITIS OR A LYMPHATIC MALFORMATION ("MESENTERIC CYST" OR INTRABDOMINAL "LYMPHANGIOMA")

C-SECTION WAS PERFORMED AT TERM.

THE MALE NEWBORN HAD AN IMPERFORATED ANUS. A RECTO-URETHRAL FISTULA WAS SUSPECTED. NO ASSOCIATED MALFORMATIONS WERE DETECTED.

<u>A RLQ LAPAROTOMY WAS PERFORMED (ELSEWHERE)</u>:

A HUGE SIGMOID BOWEL LOOP OCCUPIES ALMOST THE ENTIRE LOWER ABDOMEN. A PRESUMPTIVE DIAGNOSIS OF A "COLONIC ATRESIA" (sic) WAS ENTERTAINED. A DIVERTING COLOSTOMY WAS INSTALLED IN THE LEFT COLON, PROXIMAL TO THE DILATED SIGMOID LOOP.

A RECTO- BULBAR URETHRAL FISTULA, WAS CONFIRMED BY AN URETHROGRAPHY

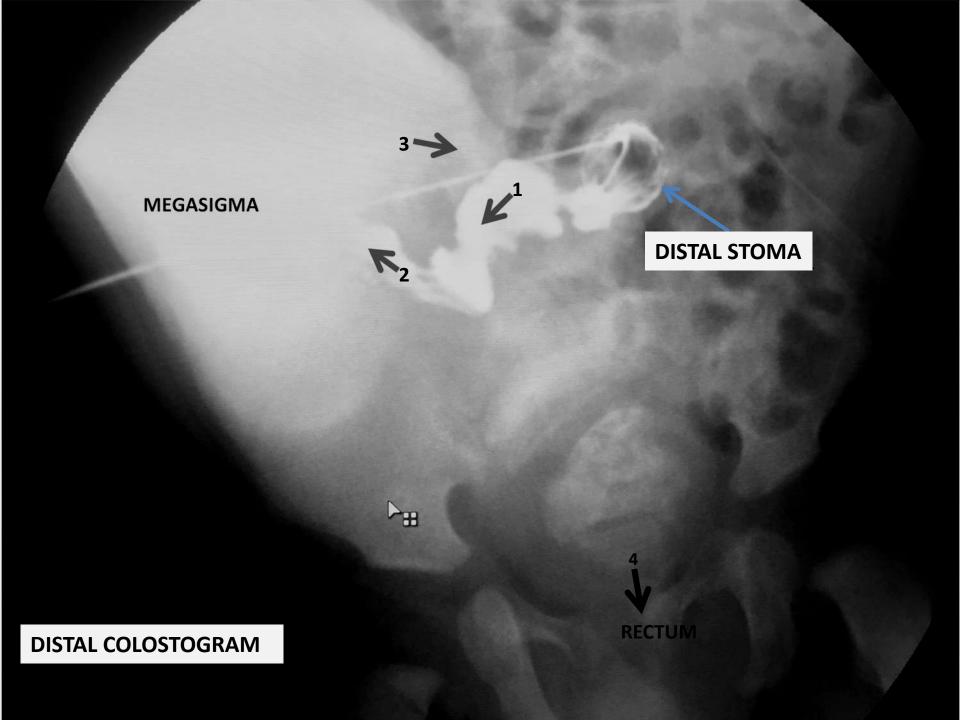


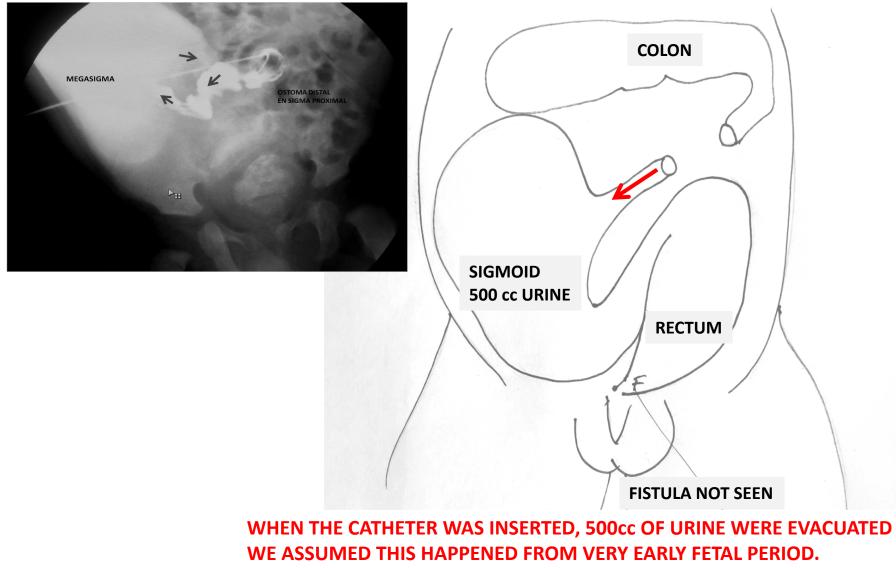
AT 3.5 MONTHS OF AGE (NOV 2019) THE BABY ARRIVED IN OUR COUNTRY. AN IMPERFORATED ANUS IN A "GOOD LOOKING" PERINEUM WAS SEEN.





THE SACRUM WAS NORMAL AND NO ASSOCIATED ANOMALIES WERE EVIDENT





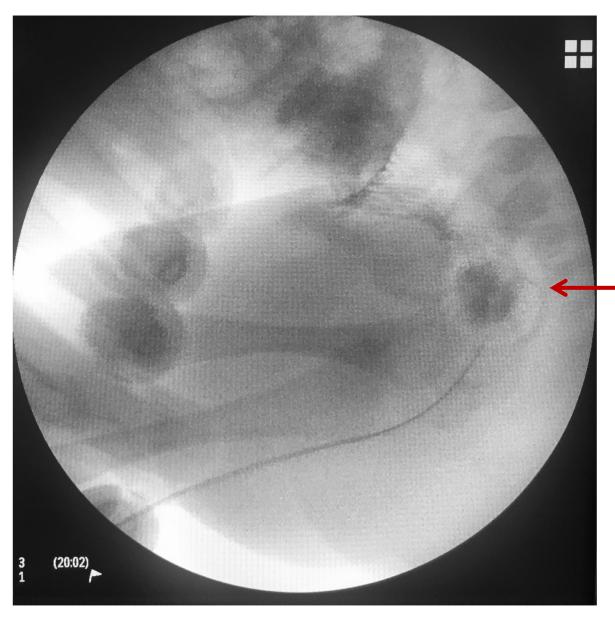
(CORRESPONDING TO THE PRENATAL ULTRASOUND IMAGES)



RECTO-URETHRAL FISTULA

RETROGRADE URETHROGRAPHY

SKIN LEVEL

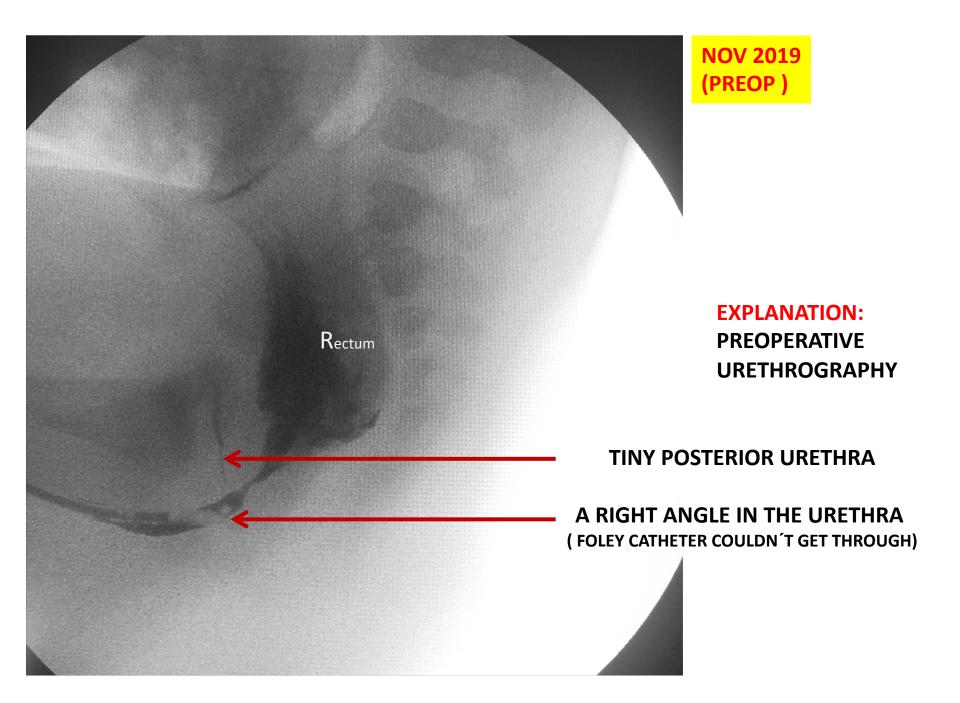


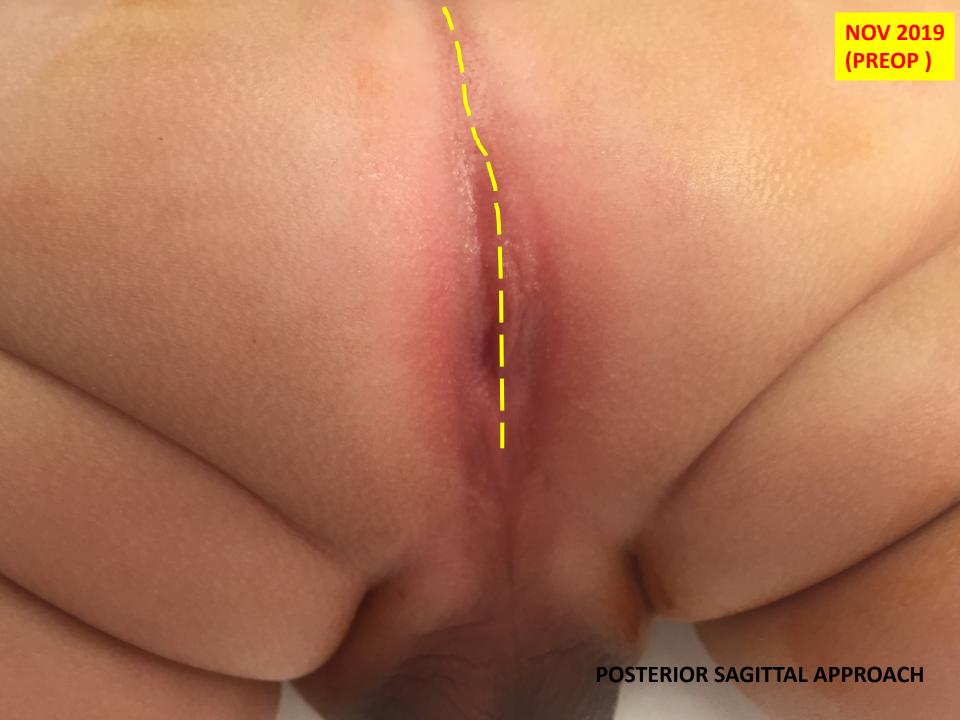
NOV 2019 (PREOP)

WHEN TRANSURETHRAL FOLEY CATHETER WAS INTENDED TO BE INSERTED, IT WENT REPEATEDLY INTO THE RECTUM AND THE URINARY BLADDER COULD NOT BE REACHED.

SEE BALLOON INFLATED IN RECTAL LUMEN PRE-PSARP

UNUSUAL PREOPERATIVE SITUATION





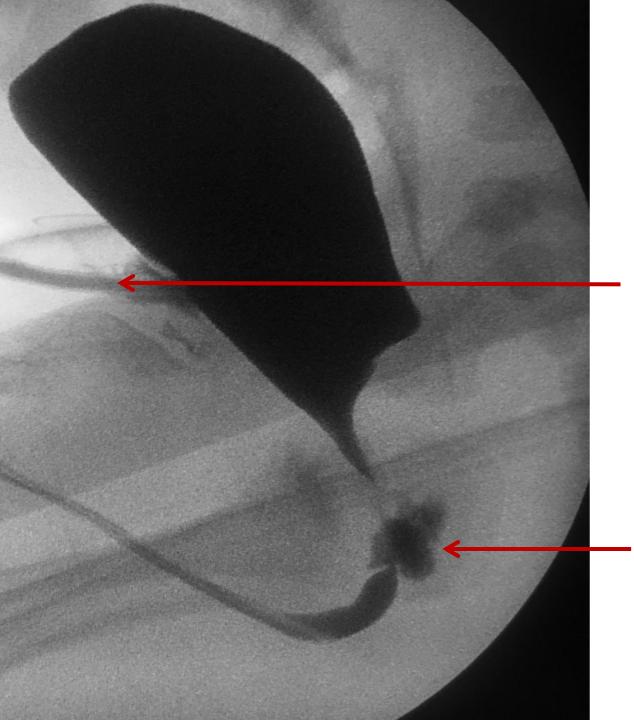


SUPRALEVATOR RECTUM MOBILIZED THE FISTULA WAS IDENTIFIED (NOTE FOLEY IN RECTAL LUMEN)

FISTULA WAS SUTURED-LIGATED RECTUM MOBILIZED TO THE PERINEUM (FULL THICKNESS RECTAL WALL IN FRONT OF SUTURED R-U FISTULA)



ANORECTOPLASTY COMPLETED (12 mm NEOANUS)



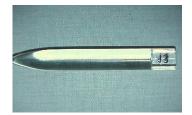
SUPRAPUBIC BLADDER CATHETER WAS INSERTED POSTOP

AREA OF LIGATED FISTULA (NO CONTRAST EXTRAVASATION)

UNVENTFULL RECOVERY AFTER PSARP (DISCHARGED 48 hs . POSTOP.)

AT 8th POSTOP DAY THE SUPRAPUBIC CATHETER WAS REMOVED

AT 12 th POSTOP DAY. THE PARENTS STARTED GENTLE ANAL CALIBRATIONS, TWICE A DAY , INCREASING 1mm EVERY WEEK.

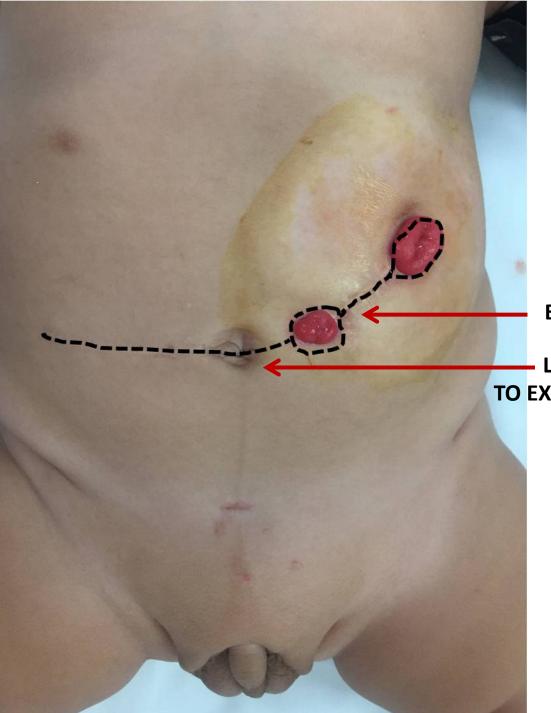


HANDMADE ACRILYC BOUGIES .

THEY FLEW BACK HOME



60° PO. DAY : UPON ARRIVAL FROM THEIR COUNTRY. X-RAY SHOWED A STABLE ANAL CALIBER 12mm. NO EVIDENCE OF PREVIOUS R-U FISTULA



(FEB 2020) 2 m POSTOP

BOTH OSTOMIES WERE TAKEN DOWN

LAPAROTOMY WAS ENLARGED TO EXPOSE THE SIGMOID DILATED LOOP.

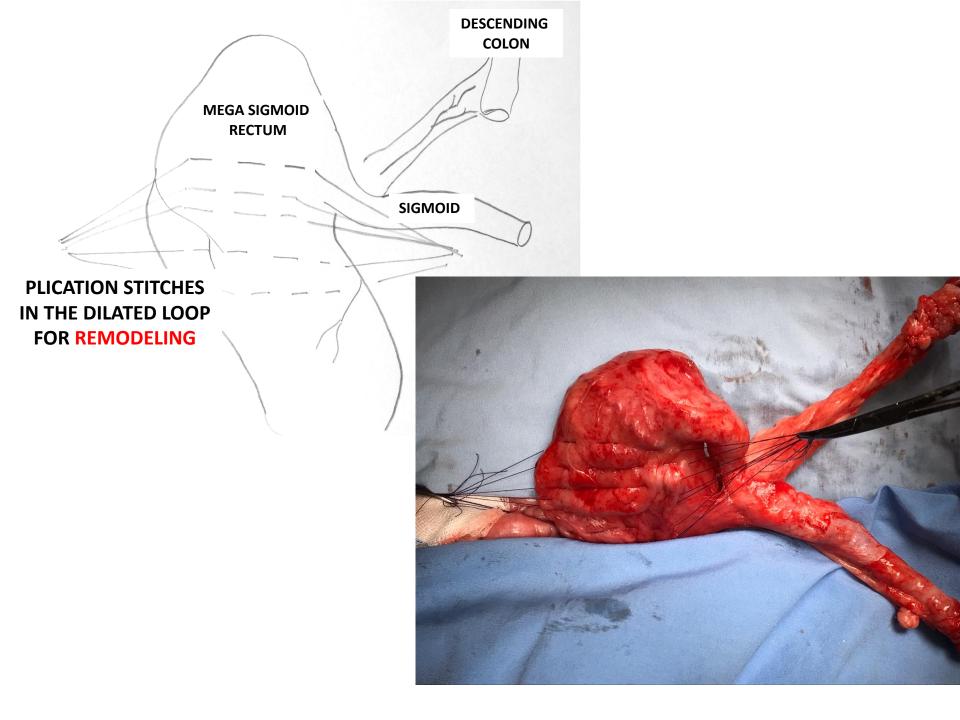
DISTAL SIGMOID

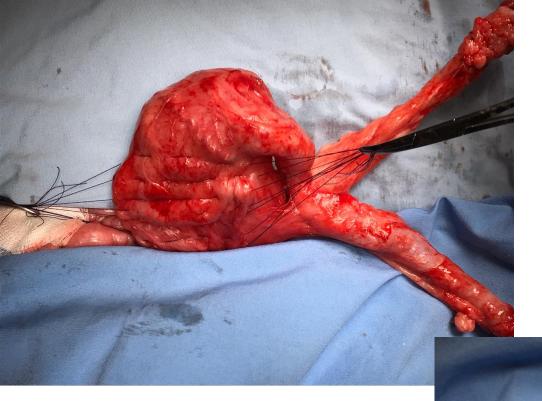
DILATED SIGMOID AND RECTUM

INFERIOR MESENTERIC VESSELS

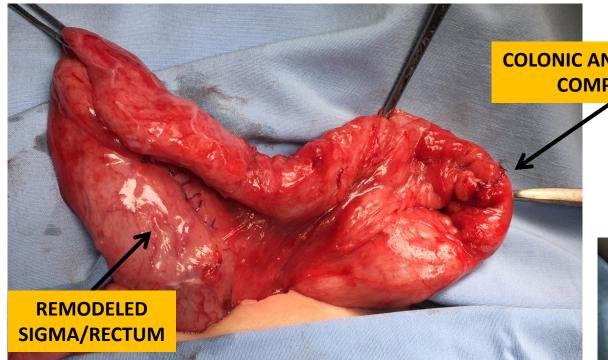
DILATED LOOP COULD HAVE BEEN RESECTED BUT, A LONG SUTURED LINE WOULD HAVE REMAINED, WHICH WOULD MAKE A PROTECTIVE OSTOMY ADVISABLE. BUT

TRANSPORTATION/ECONOMICAL LIMITATIONS OF THIS FOREIGN FAMILY, INFLUENCED OUR DECISION TOWARD A DIFFERENT OPTION......





PLICATION-REMODELING COMPLETED



COLONIC ANASTOMOSIS COMPLETED



UNEVENTFULL RECOVERY. PASSING GASES /FECES AT 4th POSTOP. DAY. THE BABY WAS DISCHARGED.

THEY FLEW BACK HOME AT 16th POSTOP.DAY

CONSTIPATION COULD BE A PROBLEM IN THE FUTURE

BOWEL MANAGEMENT WAS STARTED IMMEDIATELY

DILATED SIGMOID LOOP RESECTION AND ANTEGRADE IRRIGATIONS (CHAIT DEVICE) (MONTI PROCEDURE), WOULD BE NECESSARY IF CONSTIPATION TURNS TO BE UNMANAGEABLE

TAKE AWAYS AFTER THIS CASE

MEGASIGMOID /MEGARECTUM COULD BE ASSOCIATED IN A FETUS WITH IMPERFORATED ANUS. IN THIS CASE, THE BOWEL WAS FULL OF URINE COMING FROM R-U FISTULA , SINCE EARLY FETAL LIFE

PRIMARY RECTAL "ECTASIA" or "PRIMARY" MEGARECTUM, HAS BEEN RELATED TO CONSTIPATION, FECAL IMPACTION, HYPOMOTILITY, AND POOR RECTAL FUNCTION.

WHEN FACING THE SURGICAL TREATMENT OF A RECTO-URETHRAL FISTULA, THE INSERTION OF A FOLEY CATHETER IS MANDATORY, BUT, SOMETIMES IT IS NOT POSSIBLE. THEN, POSTERIOR SAGITTAL ANO-RECTOPLASTY SHOULD BE DONE WITHOUT IT.

RECTAL EXTRALUMINAL REMODELING WAS OUR CHOICE IN THIS PATIENT, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THIS FAMILIAL CONTEXT. OTHERWISE A RECTOSIGMOID RESECTION WOULD HAVE BEEN DONE.

TIME WILL TELL US WHETHER IT WAS A CORRECT DECISION, IF THE RECTAL FUNCTION RESULTS SATISFACTORY OR CONVERSELY A BAD ONE, IF UNMANEGEABLE CONSTIPATION OCCURS. IN THE LATTER SITUATION, A SIGMOID RESECTION AND ANTEGRADE COLONIC IRRIGATIONS WILL BE INDICATED.

> Fernando Heinen MD Buenos Aires - Argentina

MAY 2020 (6 m POSTOP)

RECTAL FUNCTION POOR. DAILY RECTAL IRRIGATIONS ARE NECESSARY.



A SIGMOID RESECTION WILL PROBABLY BE SUGGESTED TO THE LOCAL SURGEONS OR PERFORMED AFTER THE COVID19 PANDEMIA IS RESOLVED.